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DRAFT:

2025-2029 Regional Commute Trip Reduction Plan

Whatcom Council of Governments

October 2024

Performance targets

1. List your region's CTR performance target(s).

a. List performance targets that reflect only CTR-affected worksites.

Weighted average drive-alone-rate (DAR) of 64 percent or less for CTR-affected worksites at the jurisdictional level. This target is a 15.5 percent (or greater) reduction of the jurisdiction's census performance in 2019.¹

b. List any additional performance targets.

None.

2. List the base value you'll use for each performance target (if applicable).

a. For each performance target, provide the number you'll use as the baseline (or starting number). You'll measure the difference between this number and your results to report performance.

DAR during the 2023-2025 CTR survey cycle will be the base value.

3. Describe the method you used to determine the base value for each target (if applicable).

a. Provide the source for each base value listed.

2023-2025 CTR worksite survey results pertaining to drive-alone trip-making will be aggregated to the jurisdiction level and used as the base DAR value.

4. Describe how you'll measure progress toward each target.

a. List the method you'll use to measure progress for each target.

We will measure progress using the subsequent survey results (2025-2027).

¹ Source: Washington State Department of Transportation, <u>Guidance for 2025-2029 City, County, Regional Commute Trip Reduction Plans</u>, Appendix B, p. 19.

Strategies for achieving targets

5. Describe the services and strategies your region will use to achieve CTR performance targets.

Whatcom Council of Governments (WCOG) will continue to implement the Whatcom Smart Trips program. Whatcom Smart Trips is a collection of initiatives and tools that help and encourage community members to use more efficient and sustainable transportation modes.² These include:

- An online trip diary for tracking trips made by walking, bicycling, sharing rides and riding the bus (non-drive alone modes)
- Incentive distribution, which includes discount cards, gift certificates, cash prizes and recognition to motivate community members to try new forms of transportation
- Employer partnerships to provide support to businesses and organizations that want to promote sustainable transportation to their employees (including CTR employers)
- School Smart Trips program, which provides classroom activities for middle school students and bicycle skills courses for elementary school students, as well as summer adventure camps
- Bicycle education for children and adults
- Community outreach activities
- An ongoing public awareness campaign that includes advertising and public presentations to make the community aware of the benefits of participation in the Smart Trips program.

WCOG also partners with Whatcom Transportation Authority (WTA) on Smart Trips programming, including:

- Advertising and community relations
- Emergency rides home using a limited, free taxi service so bus riders and other Smart Trips participants who experience an emergency or become ill at work can get home
- First Time Rider Pass distribution among Smart Trips employer partners.

6. Describe the regional transportation demand management technologies that will be used to deliver CTR services and strategies.

The Whatcom Smart Trips website is used to track non-drive alone trips, facilitate employer partnerships, provide education and assistance related to bike and transit options, and incentivize non-drive alone modes.

The Whatcom Smart Trips website can be accessed at the following link: www.whatcomsmarttrips.org/

WCOG will also use the state's CTR tool to conduct CTR surveys and gather program data.

² Source: Whatcom Council of Governments, <u>Way to Go Whatcom</u>, Section 6.5.1 Whatcom Smart Trips – Transportation Demand Management.

Financial plan

7. Describe your financial plan.

a. Describe the estimated average annual costs of your plan.

Activity	Estimated average annual cost
Employer Engagement	\$40,000
Performance Reporting	\$5,000
Administration	\$5,000
CTR Plan*	\$3,000
School Engagement	\$269,000
Community Outreach	\$173,000
Total	\$495,000

^{*}This estimate does not include the development of this CTR Plan this year.

b. Describe likely funding sources, public and private, to implement your plan.

Source of Revenue	Estimated average annual revenue
Commute Trip Reduction Funding (state)	\$53,000
Regional Mobility Grant (state)	\$212,000
Mobility Management Grant (federal)	\$124,000
Local Government Funding	\$106,000
Total	\$495,000

Engagement

8. Describe engagement. Who did you talk to? When did you talk to them? What did they have to say? How did what they said influence the plan?

The existing Whatcom Smart Trips program is informed by a comprehensive survey effort that took place from 2004-2009 and reached over 14,000 local residents. This resulted in the 2012 Mobility Report³, which can be accessed at the following link:

https://www.whatcomsmarttrips.org/news/mobility_report

WCOG recognizes that the region has grown and changed since this initial engagement effort and plans to incorporate more recent engagement results into the 2025-2029 Regional CTR Plan. WCOG engagement efforts will include 1) a review of existing engagement results, 2) public surveys, and 3) public review of the Draft CTR Plan.

Review of Existing & Relevant Engagement Results:

WCOG consulted recent community engagement results from the City of Bellingham's efforts related to their updated Pedestrian and Bicycle Master Plans. This engagement effort took place primarily in 2022 and 2023.⁴ The results of the outreach contain relevant information and feedback from the public which can also be used to inform this CTR Plan. Bellingham's engagement effort is particularly relevant to this CTR Plan because the majority of our region's CTR-affected sites are located in the City of Bellingham or near city limits. Additionally, our regional CTR strategy, the Whatcom Smart Trips program, goes beyond commute trips and aims to promote non-drive alone trips of all kinds, whether for work, leisure, errands or other purposes. Given the breadth of the Smart Trips program, we can utilize a wide variety of public feedback about non-drive alone modes and trips, whether they are commute trips or not.

Relevant findings from the City of Bellingham's Pedestrian and Bicycle Master Plan community engagement effort are summarized below:

Over 500 people interacted with the Pedestrian Master Plan survey and webmap, and over 1,000 people interacted with the Bicycle Master Plan survey and webmap. Engagement also included in-person events, direct emails, comments received, and technical review committee meetings. Some of the survey questions show that driving is still the most selected form of transportation for getting around Bellingham, but significant numbers of people are also choosing non-driving modes like walking, rolling, or biking.⁵

Survey questions also showed that the most popular reasons people ride bicycles in Bellingham are for exercise, running errands/shopping, and various forms of recreation or leisure rides (on

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³ Source: Whatcom Smart Trips, <u>2012 Mobility Report: The Surprising Story of Travel Behavior in Bellingham,</u> Washington.

⁴ Source: City of Bellingham, <u>Bellingham Bicycle Master Plan</u>, 2024, Appendix A: Engagement Summary; City of Bellingham, <u>Bellingham Pedestrian Master Plan</u>, 2024, Appendix A: Engagement Summary.

⁵ Source: Bellingham, *Bicycle Master Plan*, 2024, p. 92.

paved trails, on city streets, and on dirt trails). Commuting to work was the 6th most popular answer.⁶ This supports the broader approach that Whatcom Smart Trips takes by going beyond commute trips to encourage non-drive alone trips of all types, particularly those taken for errands or leisure.

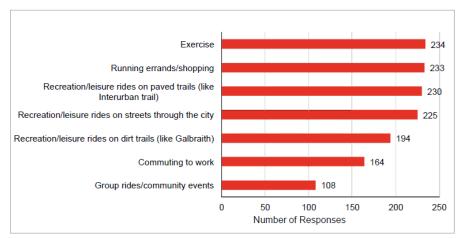


Image description: A screenshot of a bar chart from the Bellingham Bicycle Master Plan showing survey responses when participants were asked "The main reason I ride a bicycle is for ______."

In another survey question, people selected options that would improve their experience and/or lead them to choose to ride a bike more in Bellingham. The most popular responses were "a connected network of bike lanes", "streets that feel safer for biking", and "secure places to park a bike at your destination". Overall, participants seemed to prioritize infrastructure-based responses to this question.

When asked about other ways bicycling can be supported in Bellingham, survey respondents ranked "providing commuter benefit or employer wellness programs" an average of 4.51/5 in importance (sixth overall). In contrast, the highest ranked option overall was "enforcing traffic safety laws with the greatest impacts (e.g., driving under the influence, speeding)", and some other highly ranked options were "mandating bike-friendly development (e.g., installation of bike racks)" and "installing automated speed safety cameras (school zones, red light running, speeding)". These top three responses emphasized infrastructure improvements and safety. Additionally, respondents ranked "educating people around safe biking" an average of 3.97/5 in importance and fourth overall. As part of existing programming, Whatcom Smart Trips offers bicycle education classes and facilitates commuter benefit programs.

Other overall themes that emerged from the City of Bellingham's engagement effort are:

 The importance of a connected pedestrian network for people to access their daily needs and recreation.

⁶ Source: Bellingham, *Bicycle Master Plan*, 2024, p. 93.

⁷ Source: Bellingham, *Bicycle Master Plan*, 2024, p. 94.

⁸ Source: Bellingham, Bicycle Master Plan, 2024, p. 96.

- A need for a connected network of higher comfort bikeways (such as separated or protected bike lanes, bike boulevards, and trails).
- A desire to feel safer at intersections and crossings, for both pedestrians and bicyclists
- Concerns about driver behavior, speeding, and safety.

Public Surveys:

Based on the review of existing engagement results, WCOG designed public survey questions to fill in knowledge gaps and build on the existing engagement information available. WCOG utilized the following two public surveys to inform this CTR Plan and our regional CTR strategy:

- The CTR worksite survey and
- The Regional Safety Action Plan public survey ('The Whatcom Crash Test')

The CTR worksite survey tool provided by WSDOT was distributed to all CTR work-sites in May of 2024. This survey reached employees at CTR work sites and included questions about commuters' daily modes of transportation and their motivations and considerations in choosing that mode. A total of 3,275 employees completed the survey. The results show that the majority of CTR worksite employees currently commute by driving alone (58% of commutes) although a significant portion make smart trips (22% of commutes when combining walk, bus, bike and carpool trips) or work from home (19%). Employees' top travel considerations were 'Time/duration' (80%), 'Flexibility/convenience' (67%), and 'Weather' (33%). Additionally, this survey showed that the majority of CTR worksite employees were either unaware of any incentives or subsidies their employer offered surrounding commute trip reduction or confused about any offerings (56%). This lack of awareness will be addressed by the educational aspects of the Smart Trips program as well as the employer partnerships.

The Whatcom Crash Test survey was part of a broader engagement effort focused on roadway safety and funded by the Safe Streets For All federal grant program. The Whatcom Crash Test survey will primarily inform WCOG's Regional Safety Action Plan, but the survey also included questions about peoples' trip choices. The Whatcom Crash Test survey was available online during July, August and September of 2024. It was promoted via local newspaper ads, WTA bus boards, social media, an in-person booth at the Northwest Washington Fair, and most prominently, a mailed postcard.

The Whatcom Crash Test survey was taken by 3,560 Whatcom County residents aged 16 or older. The results of the survey are stated below:

- Most popular mode: The majority of Whatcom County residents selected drive alone as the form of transportation they use most often (88%), although 43% selected walk/roll, 25% selected carpool/rideshare, 23% selected bike and 10% selected bus/paratransit (up to three selections were allowed).
- Gauging interest in other modes: When asked if they had considered using any other modes more often, 35% of drive alone respondents said that they were not interested in any other modes. Those who were interested in trying out a new mode were most interested in bus/paratransit (24%), biking (19%), and carpooling (10%).

- <u>Preventative factors</u>: When asked what prevented them from using the non-drive alone mode they were interested in, the top reasons were summarized as accessibility/availability, time, and danger/safety.
- The people who already don't drive alone: Non-drive alone respondents said that 'Travel time' (52%), 'Environmental Impact' (50%), and Health/fitness (47%) were their most influential factors in choosing a non-drive alone mode (multiple selections allowed).

The Whatcom Crash Test showed that significantly more Whatcom County residents drive alone as compared to CTR worksite employees. While the structure of the questions was different, this suggests some relative success for the CTR program and any worksite incentives/subsidies provided. The survey also shows that Whatcom County residents have limited interest in new modes and value their time highly. Accessibility/availability concerns will be partially addressed through Smart Trips' educational programs and First Time Rider Pass distribution among Smart Trips employer partners.

Public Review of the Draft CTR Plan:

After WSDOT review, WCOG will solicit feedback on this Draft Regional CTR Plan through:

- public notice advertised in the local paper,
- · email distribution lists, and
- online at <u>www.wcog.org</u>.

9. Describe vulnerable populations considered and how you engaged them. Who did you talk to? When did you talk to them?

WCOG collected optional demographic information as part of both the CTR worksite survey (May 2024) and the Whatcom Crash Test survey (July, August, September 2024) in order to identify vulnerable populations who engaged with each survey. Low income populations and people of color were the primary vulnerable populations considered when filtering the survey results. These populations were highlighted based on their presence in WCOG's newly developed Social Vulnerability Index (SVI), which includes three factors: low income, people of color and limited English proficiency populations. Unfortunately, both surveys resulted in lower responses from non-white racial and ethnic groups than would be considered representative of Whatcom County as a whole. Response rates for Native American/Alaska Native and Hispanic/Latino populations were particularly low relative to Whatcom County populations.

The respondents of the CTR worksite survey were 78% White, 5% Multiracial/ethnic, 4% Asian, 2% Hispanic/Latino, 0.75% Black/African American, and 0.72% American Indian/Alaska Native, with an additional 8% preferring not to answer. In raw numbers, the survey reached 414 people of color (non-white alone). The CTR survey respondents were mostly higher income earners, although approximately 20% of respondents reported less than \$60,000 in annual household income (less than the Whatcom County median household income of approximately \$70,000 in 2021).

In order to promote the Whatcom Crash Test and maximize responses, WCOG mailed postcards to all Whatcom County addresses. The respondents of the Whatcom Crash Test survey were 87% White, 6% Multiracial/ethnic, 2% Asian, 2% Hispanic/Latino, 1% Black/African American, and 0.5% American Indian/Alaska Native. In raw numbers, the survey reached 343 people of color (non-white alone). The distribution of annual household income among survey respondents was fairly equal, and approximately half of all survey respondents fell into one of the three following groups: 11.3% reported earning less than \$25,000, 16.9% reported earning \$25,000-\$49,999, and 19.7% reported earning \$50,000-\$74,999 in annual household income.

10. Describe results of engagement focused on vulnerable populations. What did they have to say? How did what they said influence the regional CTR plan?

Based on a filtering of free response questions on the CTR Worksite Survey, people of color submitted various comments about the accessibility of bus routes/schedules, the need to commute from longer distances, international border travel, and disability considerations.

Based on another filtering of free response questions on the CTR Worksite Survey, lower income earners (less than \$60,000) submitted various comments about interest in flexible work schedules and remote work, the accessibility of bus routes/schedules, and weather considerations.

Based on a filtering of free response questions on the Whatcom Crash Test Survey, people of color submitted various comments about lack of pedestrian/biking infrastructure, the accessibility of bus routes/schedules, and safety concerns.

Based on another filtering of free response questions on the Whatcom Crash Test Survey, lower income earners (less than \$50,000) submitted various comments about the cost barrier of getting a bike, the accessibility of bus routes/schedules, lack of non-drive alone options and infrastructure in rural areas, time and scheduling considerations.

These comments will help to inform future Smart Trips programing and employer partnerships. Comments about flexible schedules and remote work will be communicated to CTR employers through Smart Trips' employer partnership program. Bus accessibility will be partially addressed through Smart Trips' bus education classes, ongoing public outreach campaigns, and First Time Rider Pass distribution among Smart Trips employer partners.

11. List the results of your engagement, including results from vulnerable populations, that will be provided for consideration in the state CTR and public transportation plan; regional growth, economic and transportation plans; and comprehensive plan and transit plan updates

The City of Bellingham engagement results related to infrastructure (desires for connected bike/pedestrian pathways) from the Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plans will be considered in their next Comprehensive Plan update.

Concerns about driver behavior, speeding, and general roadway safety, particularly as it affects active transportation modes, will be considered by WCOG in the upcoming Regional Safety Action Plan.